

<u>Progression of substantive concepts</u>

<u>Substantive concepts</u>						
Power (monarchy, government and empire)	Invasion, settlement and migration	Civilisation (social and cultural)	Tax and trade	Beliefs	Achievements and follies of mankind	

	EYFS	1	2	3/4	5/6
Power (monarchy, government and empire)	To know that in fairytales kings/queens are usually important, powerful people who rule over others.		To know that a monarch in the UK is a king or queen To begin to understand that power is exercised in different ways in different cultures, times and groups e.g. monarchy. To know that Britain was organised into kingdoms and these were governed by monarchs.	To understand the development of groups, kingdom and monarchy in Britain. To know who became the first ruler of the whole of England. To understand the expansion of empires and how they were controlled across a large empire. To understand that societal hierarchies and structures existed including aristocracy and peasantry. To understand some reasons why empires fall/collapse	To understand how the monarchy exercised absolute power. To understand the process of democracy and parliament in Britain. To understand that different empires have different reasons for their expansion. To understand that there are changes in the nature of society. To know that there are different reasons for the decline of different empires.
Achievements and follies of mankind	To recognise some interests and achievements from their own lives and the	To know some inventions that still influence their own lives today (e.g. toys - the invention	To begin to identify achievements and inventions that still influence their own lives today (e.g. schools, travel).	To be able to identify achievements and inventions that still influence our lives today from Roman times. To know the legacy and contribution of the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings to	To understand that people in the past were as inventive and sophisticated in thinking as people today. To know that new and sophisticated technologies were advanced which allowed cities to develop.



	lives of their families and friends.	of the teddy bear, electronic toys etc.) To know some achievements and discoveries of significant individuals (e.g. explorers).	To know the legacy and contribution of some inventions (e.g. flight). To be aware of the achievements of significant individuals (e.g. those involved with the history of flight).	life today in Britain. To be aware of the achievements of the Ancient Egyptians.	To understand the impact of war on local communities. To know some of the impacts of war on daily lives. To understand that people in the past were as inventive and sophisticated in thinking as people today. To know that new and sophisticated technologies were advanced which allowed cities to develop.
Civilisation (social and cultural)				To understand how invaders and settlers influence the culture of the existing population. To understand that society was organised in different ways in different cultures and times and consisted of different groups with different roles and lifestyles. To know that education existed in some cultures, times and groups.	To understand the changes and reasons for the organisation of society in Britain. To understand how society is organised in different cultures, times and groups. To be able to compare development and role of education in societies. To be able to compare education in different cultures, times and groups. To understand the changing role of women and men in Britain. To understand that there are differences between early and later civilisations.
Trade				To know that communities traded with each other and over the English Channel in the Prehistoric Period. To understand that trade began as the exchange of goods. To understand that trade routes	To know that trade routes from Britain expanded across the world. To understand there was a race to discover new countries and that this resulted in new items to be traded in (e.g. silk, spices and precious metals. To understand that the expansion of trade routes



		existed between Britain in the Roman, Anglo-Saxon and Viking times. To understand that the Roman invasion led to a great increase in British trade with the outside world. To understand that trading ships and centres (e.g. York) were a reason for the Vikings raiding Britain. To understand that trade develops in different times and ways in different civilisations.	increased the variety of goods available. To understand that the methods of trading developed from in person to boats, trains and planes. To understand the development of global trade
		To understand that the traders were the rich members of society.	
Beliefs		To understand that there are different beliefs in different cultures, times and groups. To know about paganism and the introduction of Christianity in Britain. To know how Christianity spread. To compare the beliefs in different cultures, times and groups.	To be aware of the different beliefs that different cultures, times and groups hold. To understand the changing nature of religion in Britain and its impact. To be aware of how different societies practise and demonstrate their beliefs. To be able to identify the impact of beliefs on society
Invasion, settlement and migration		To know that there were different reasons for invading Britain. To understand that there are varied reasons for coming to Britain. To know that there are different reasons for migration. To know that settlement created	To understand there are increasingly complex reasons for migrants coming to Britain. To understand that migrants come from different parts of the world. To know about the diverse experiences of the different groups coming to Britain over time.



		tensions and problems.	
		To understand the impact of settlers on the existing population.	
		To understand the earliest settlements in Britain.	
		To know that settlements changed over time	